## Vocabulary Matching

$\qquad$ 1. Survey
___2. Observational Study
$\qquad$ 3. Experiment
4. Simulation
5. Bias

## 6. Convenience Sample

7. Voluntary Response Sample
___8. Systematic Random Sample
$\qquad$ 9. Simple Random Sample
8. Stratified Random Sample
$\qquad$ 11. Cluster Sample
9. Sample
10. Population
A. Measure or observe members of a sample in such a way that they are not affected by the study.
B. The first member of the sample is chosen at random and then each member selected after that is chosen at regular intervals.
C. Every member of the sample is asked a set of questions.
D. The entire group of individuals being studied.
E. A sample where members volunteer to participate.
F. An error that results in a misrepresentation of members of a population.
G. A treatment is imposed to one group and a placebo is given to another group and results are compared.
H. A sample where members are readily available.
I. A sample where all members are equally likely to be chosen.
J. An imitation of an experiment.
K. A subgroup of the individuals being studied that the study is carried out on.
L. Individuals are dividing into similar groups not based on any characteristic, and random groups are chosen.
M. Individuals are dividing into groups based on a known characteristic, and a random sample of each group is chosen.
11. A large corporation wants to find out which benefits plan its employees would prefer. Which procedure would be most likely to obtain a statistically unbiased sample?
a. survey a random sample of employees from a list of all employees
b. invite all employees to indicate their choices by e-mail
c. place suggestion boxes at random locations in the company's plant and offices
d. assemble a group with one member from each department and record the preferences of these employees
12. A university polled 500 of its students, randomly selecting 25 students from each degree program. Classify the sampling method.
a. simple random
d. systematic random
b. stratified random
e. voluntary response
c. convenience
13. To do market research, a telemarketing firm randomly selected 1000 names from a store's database and contacted them. Classify the sampling method.
a. simple random
d. systematic random
b. stratified random
e. voluntary response
c. convenience
14. To get reactions about a particular new car, readers of a car magazine were asked to mail in their answers to a survey. Classify this sampling method.
a. simple random
d. systematic random
b. stratified random
e. voluntary response
c. convenience
15. When a random starting point is chosen, followed by every $n$th individual, this sampling method is
a. simple random sampling
c. stratified random sampling
b. cluster sampling
d. systematic random sampling
16. A simple random sample of 200 people is selected from the 1230 male students in a university psychology course to take part in a psychological test. The population being considered is
a. all male students
b. all students
c. people taking part in the test
d. male students enrolled in a university psychology course
17. Which question is unbiased?
a. Does the school board have the right to enforce a dress code?
b. Do you think the mayor is doing a good job in spite of his questionable character?
c. Do you prefer daytime or evening television programming?
d. Do you think the government should be allowed to cut down trees willy-nilly to build a new highway?
18. A doctor wants to test the effectiveness of a new drug on her patients. She separates her sample of patients into two groups and administers the drug to only one of these groups. She then compares the results. Which type of study best describes this situation?

## Math III Unit 8 Statistics Review

Name
a. census
b. survey
c. observation
d. controlled experiment
22. A school cafeteria has five different lunch periods. The cafeteria staff wants to find out which items on the menu are most popular, so they give every student in the first lunch period a list of questions to answer in order to collect data to represent the school. Which type of study does this represent?
a. census
c. observation
d. controlled
experiment
23. Suppose that 900 American teens were surveyed about their favorite sport.
a. What would be the margin of error for this survey?
b. What is the $95 \%$ confidence interval if the survey found that $83 \%$ of the American teens surveyed loved basketball?
24. What sample size will yield a margin of error of $\pm 8 \%$ ?

